

Intelligence, Creativity and Fantasy

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meeture stories in the construction of children's spatial conscience

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Based on three fundamental themes: intelligence, creativity and fantasy, this article has as main focus the importance of constructing an imaginary in children that emphasises the relevance of meding space in its various scales of interaction with individuals: objects, buildings and cities that them. Starting from a research experience carried out about two years ago, this reflection presents a meding of three specific stories-books produced as part of the research: A Casa do Futuro, Rabiscos and Urbanismo e Design and Uma Familia de Portas; dedicated to children and oriented for this interconnection with the surrounding space. Thus, from a set of specific objectives delimited by the approach, three editorial projects emerge, designed to formalise this intention of interaction public, stimulating a critical evaluation of the space in its different approaches. Stimulating and the sensitivity for the themes of spatiality in architecture, urbanism and design, is the main focuses of that seeks to build Architecture Stories, through the development of children's spatial imaginary, medigence, creativity and fantasy.

Architecture, Children's Imaginary, Space Consciousness, Habitability, Education

CONSTRUCTING A CHILDREN'S CONSCIENCE

and guiding his capacities and abilities for and safeguard his future independence.

The same and values, in order to develop all the same and walues, in order to develop all the same and walues, in order to future action.

The same are the capacity for future action.

sense, fostering education in the capacities surrounding world, and especially from the condition of the surrounding space as an essential the condition of being (Heidegger, 1996), as the primordial issue. By the various space that surround us (both near and assumptions should construct a value from an early age, formalised in the creation spatial imaginary.

the construction of our thinking and our measurements with the surrounding contemporary mcreasingly complex (Morin, 1991). Actions of education that are structured on

motivations, sensitivities and stimuli will be a fundamental component in the educational reinvention of societies, given the new ethical problems associated with new concepts and definitions.¹

2 ABOUT ARCHITECTURE STORIES: A CASA DO FUTURO

The book A Casa do Futuro [The House of the Future] became the first foray into this mission and aimed to bring academic education in architecture, urbanism and design closer to the general public and particularly to children and young people (Louro, Martinho, 2017). This strategy was materialised through the production of an illustrated book where spatial themes were approached in order to stimulate interest and awareness on the importance of the surrounding space (Fig. 1).

The target audience is children in elementary school (between 7 and 11 years of age), although it can also be used with younger children in kindergarten who

Reference to the fact that current issues of knowledge, education and teaching are established in new conditions of experience, where new ways of acting reinvent new systems of characterization, centred on new conditions of appropriation, reference and valuation.



Figure 1. Cover of the book: A Casa do Futuro [The House of the Future], by Margarida Louro and Camila Martinho, 2017.

do not yet have the autonomy of reading but who can be assisted by educators, teachers, parents, or grandparents. Moreover, in this way, the general public was integrated into the project, as adults are the ones who choose and purchase books for children. This aspect had some relevance in the very disclosure of the book, which appeared in some cases associated with more thematic stores, like museums, art or architecture galleries.

The title of the story, The House of the Future, derives from a very objective definition, on the theme of the *House*, assumed as a second body that soon will surround and delimits us. Moreover, it is from this primordial condition of existence that all story unfolds in order to emphasise the importance of space in the formation of *Being*. By associating thematic and problematic aspects of the current consciousness on environmental sustainability, a kind of subtitle emerges: "A story about sustainable architecture for kids and adults", thus clarifying of the scope of the book theme and the audience to whom it is addressed.

In this sense, the story unfolds around a young architect advised by an older person to guide her in solving an architectural problem faced by a family (of extra-terrestrials) who asks her to design a house they could take when returning to their planet. The extraterrestrial planet is used to foresee Earth conditions since it had also suffered many environmental cases of abuse. In this way, the story stresses the search for new ways of life. Combining the reinvention of new concepts, such as the portable, transformable, adaptable house, the intrigue captivates the reader across its resolution, while, at the same time, activates concepts and consciences about new conditions and current problems.

Several concepts or themes emerge and interrelate in the construction of different consciousness:

 The environmental awareness, present in the book subtitle, associated with sustainability and the effective balance between needs and resources, safeguarding from pollution and habitat destruction.

- The reinforcement of social conscience and importance of intergenerational knowledge the family. Time and temporality are effective the underlying themes of the story as the implies. The social promotion is stressed through the emphasis on the family, and the timeless of this reliable condition for economy and successful.
- Current cities conditions and the construction awareness of problems and difficulties are described in the references to the cars and traffic presenting proposals for alternative mobility, a ciated with clean, non-polluting and inexhaust energies. Another aspect is the question around new forms of communication and the existence telepresence.
- The importance of the space valuation appears different scales: in the typology of the city; the tions between centre and periphery; in the present of green spaces (concerning the vast forest than focused in the story) and that functions as the lung of the city. This calls attention to the need the valuation of public spaces and the importance their existence in an urban context. Regarding house, it appears related to the idea of movement as something that goes with the inhabitants, mobile house. Thus, although associated with organisation typological archetypes, related more classic concepts such as rooms, kitchen ing room, garage, etc., the form arises associated with innovation, creating a kind of egg house, when relates to the metaphor of the shell that surround in the background the first house that contains the embryo of life.
- Another aspect is technology, and it refers to a coexistence of state-of-the-art technologies (sa as the energy converter that immediately transformation concepts into things). On the other hand, more ditional and universal concepts such as drawing imagination emerge, associating it with the coexistence of representation techniques (such as pendand pens) and its evolution (associated with computer and digital drawing), always safeguarding importance of human intelligence, creativity imagination in solving problems.

Illustrations reinforce the written text, creating imagery of objectification. Approaches that go be the spaces which are formalised in individuals and clothes they wear, the objects they handle, explorate the spatial configuration in its multiple scales: objects buildings and cities.

3 ABOUT ARCHITECTURE STORIES: RABISCOS EM ARQUITETURA, URBANISMO E DESIGN

The book Rabiscos em Arquitetura Urbanismo Design [Scribbles in Architecture, Urbanism



Cover of the book: Rabiscos em Arquitetura, e Design [Scribbles in Architecture, Urbanism by Margarida Louro and Camila Martinho,

sassumed as a graphic activity book, primarmented to children, although it may be extended me invenile and eventually adult readers due to Louro, Martinho, 2017). the title of the book Rabiscos em Arquite-Design, awakens the attention of specialised in these three areas (Fig. 2). subject of the book is not exhausted in its playas a workbook, associated with drawing menting. This book, essentially, seeks to be an tool on many sources and natures. Based matic challenges that seek to meet specific funcrequirements in order to reach certain objectives, and young people are invited to reach differof creative complexity, where they activate semisms of critical and creative response.

foremost, they have to identify a problem and then an initiative to resolve it. (Raedo, 2018)

on thematic challenges associated with usboa's six areas of expertise – Architecture and Rehabilitation, Urban Product Design, Communication Design and Design – several challenges are proposed to a multiplicity of imaginative capacities.

be accepted as didactic support at school be accepted as didactic support at school at a family activity to be unscrambled together parents and children or grandparents and attailed.

the multiple thematic challenges promoted in areas of Architecture, Urbanism and Design, this another initiative taken by the FAJunior Office of aculty of Architecture of the University of Lisbon Lisboa), oriented to children, with the aim of assing sensitivity to the themes of Architecture, anism and Design, bringing them closer to these and familiarizing them, in some way, with the acute offer of the FAULisboa.

assumes the mission of raising awareness of the



Figure 3. Cover of the book: *Uma Familia de Portas* (A Family of Doors), by Margarida Louro and Joana Gonçalves, 2018.

importance of the surrounding space at the various scales where it determines the individual:

- The scale of the body, next to the various objects that surround us (from the clothes to the objects that we use and see).
- The surrounding scale of the building (defined in the different spaces we inhabit like: home, school, hospital, cinemas, etc.)
- And the larger scale of the cities and territories we inhabit (defined in the streets that we walk along, in the cities we live in or the landscapes we visit).

Critical experimentation is promoted, activating the intelligence, the creativity and the fantasy in a consolidated construction of a spatial imaginary and promoting a solid foundation for the children's formation, and the bases for a critical evaluation of the surrounding global space.

As Atrio Cerezo et al. (2016) referenced, it is the student, by himself, who must discover through his senses the characteristics of his environment space and the power of manipulating objects in the definition of abstract concepts.

4 ABOUT ARCHITECTURE STORIES: UMA FAMÍLIA DE PORTAS

The book *Uma Familia de Portas* [A Family of Doors] is a second architecture story, following the first experience with the book The House of the Future, reinforcing the mission of bringing academic higher education closer to the general public (Louro, Gonçalves, 2018). Following a similar logic, an illustrated history was created, which deals with themes related to common and accessible problems about the space that surrounds us (Fig. 3).

The title of the story: A Family of Doors, emerges from a theme very present in the current conjuncture of cities and especially in the context of Portuguese cities, which refers to the rehabilitation of old buildings at the expense of the option for new construction. In this way, the theme of rehabilitation associated with the restoration of buildings assumes a strong expression (as in the first example focused on The House of the Future) from the suggestion of a subtitle where this is explicitly defined as: "A story on the rehabilitation of buildings for kids and adults."

In this sense, the story of this book unfolds around an old house, which occupies a consolidated area of the city and which, as in a family, is composed/inhabited by several members (where the doors are assumed as protagonists) of various ages, statutes and personalities. In this context, an adventure unfolds that revolves around the process of transformation and modernisation of an old house, where uncertainty about the permanence of the old doors of the house, in the process of rehabilitation emerges, in suspense, almost until the end of the story.

As background, in addition to a specific architectural problem, namely its durability, conservation and transformation, other contemporary values are associated, such as the role of the family, cooperation between the various elements, the role of each in the context of the house (making an analogy with the place in society). This set of issues allows us to build existential ethics towards others, especially related to appreciation and respect for the spaces we inhabit, offering children a complete awareness of the value and respect for the space they inhabit, and so become one day more demanding adults.

The illustration in this book is taken as a second narrative. In this way, in addition to giving body and image to the plot of the story as well as the design of spaces and main characters, in this case, the doors, the book reveals new entities and secondary elements that subtly are also understood as characters, telling parallel stories. This emphasises children's ability to observe and encourages multiple readings of the book through various perspectives that allow the discovery of new things and details that, at first reading, were not perceived.

All the spaces we inhabit, outdoor spaces, cities, landscapes, interior and intimate spaces have their particular characteristics. Moreover, these are interpreted in different ways according to who designs them, how they are planned and also according to those who inhabit them and frequent them. (Arqui-con in AAVV, Amag, 2016: art. 05)

5 GENERAL CONCLUSIONS

To educate by architecture, it is assumed as a pedagogical strategy in the sense of cultivating a critical conscience that, besides promoting eventual future students of architecture, urbanism or design, establishes a valued relationship, positive and particularly demanding with the surrounding space.

These three experiences (embodied in these books for children) formalise a strategy to foster more knowledgeable public about the need and release of the architectural quality of the spaces in their cation and formation and consequently in sociegeneral.

Architecture and its conceptual basis founded the Vitruvian triad established on *utilitas*, firm and *venustas*, must respond effectively to a functive (response to a given program), with a logic of a bility (permanence in time) and effectively assurption, touch). In this sense, teaching with architecture, becomes more and more award of the role of the architect profession, starting a tugal the first steps on this approach with institution at multiple educational levels, from pre-school pre-university formations.

As Baeza (2013) points out, to be an architecture be someone who can turn a house into a dream combine the materials needed to build a building such a way that the result is a wonderful space.

This is the mission currently underway in the of the FAJunior Office in complement with many actions that, 4 in a partnership with several educations that, 4 in a partnership with several educationstitutions, will allow through intelligence, creamand fantasy, to support the education and developed of children and young people so that they become conscious and demanding adults.

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^{2.} Reference to the PuEmA Seminar – For an educarchitecture, promoted and held at the Order of Archielisbon between 1 and 16 February 2019 and which the inaugural scope: "PuMAm aims to mobilize national international experts from different areas: architects ers, educators, artists as well as children, young peofamilies for a joint reflection on the themes of Archielist Education" (https://www.puema.pt)

^{3.} Reference to Decree-Law no. 55/2018, of July 6, establishes the curriculum of basic and secondary education of the learning, in order to ensure that a dents acquire the knowledge and develop the skills at tudes that contribute to achieving the competencies for in the Profile of Students Exiting Compulsory School This recent diploma emphasizes a complementary appreciation of cultural education (distributed by its various are order to educate children and young people within the lange of the next 12 years.

^{4.} Reference to other actions carried out by the Fanior Office of the Faculty of Architecture of the Unsity of Lisbon, in particular the various activities oped in the scope of research and formalised in applied and offered to different audiences. (FAJunior http://fajunior.fa.ulisboa.pt/)

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